



UNITED HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
P.O. Box 7192
Indianapolis, IN 46207-7192
Phone: (317) 692-7979 Fax: (317) 692-7711

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING REPLACEMENT OF LIFE INSURANCE
(To be used where the existing and proposed policies are written by DIFFERENT companies.)

DEFINITION: REPLACEMENT IS any transaction where, in connection with the purchase of New Insurance or a New Annuity, you LAPSE, SURRENDER, CONVERT to Paid-Up Insurance, Place on Extended Term, or BORROW all or part of the policy loan values on an existing insurance policy. (See reverse side for DEFINITIONS.)

Our agent is recommending to you that you purchase a life insurance policy from us. In connection with this purchase, you have indicated either as a result of his recommendation or at your own initiative, that you may terminate or change your existing policy issued by another insurance company or that you may obtain a loan from that company against your policy to pay premiums on the proposed policy. Any of these actions is a replacement of life insurance. This notice must be given to you, along with a form including preliminary information comparing the proposed policy with your existing policy to be replaced. Please read this notice and the Comparative Information Form carefully.

Whether it is to your advantage to replace your existing insurance coverage, only you can decide. It is in your best interest, however, to have adequate information before a decision to replace your present coverage becomes final so that you may understand the essential features of the proposed policy and of your existing insurance coverage.

To this end, we are required to give you a Policy Summary including complete information on the proposed policy no later than when the policy is delivered to you. In addition, we are required to notify the insurance company that issued your existing policy. That company may then furnish you additional information concerning your existing policy. You may want to contact that company or its agent for further information and advice or discuss your purchase with other advisors. The information you receive will be of value to you in reaching a final decision.

If either the proposed policy or the existing insurance you intend to replace is a participating policy you should be aware that dividends may materially reduce the cost of insurance and are an important factor to consider. Dividends, however, are not guaranteed.

You should also recognize that a policy which has been in existence for a period of time may have certain advantages to you over a new policy. If the policy coverages are basically similar, the premiums for a new policy may be higher because rates increase as your age increases. Under your existing policy, the period of time during which our company could contest the policy because of a material misstatement or omission on your application, or deny coverage for death cause by suicide, may have expired or may expire earlier than it will under the proposed policy. Your existing policy may have options which are not available under the policy being proposed to you or may not come into effect under the proposed policy until a later time during your life. Also, your proposed policy's cash values and dividends, if any, may grow slower initially because the company will incur the cost of issuing your new policy. On the other hand, the proposed policy may offer advantages which are more important to you.

If you are considering borrowing against your existing policy to pay the premiums on the proposed policy, you should understand that in the event of your death, the amount of any unpaid loan, including unpaid interest, will be deducted from the benefits of your existing policy thereby reducing your total insurance coverage.

After we have received your application and notified the other insurance company you will have twenty days from the date the proposed policy is delivered to you to cancel the policy issued on your application and receive back all payments you made to us.

CAUTION

If, after studying the information made available to you, you decide to replace the existing life insurance with our life insurance policy, you are urged not to take action to terminate or alter your existing life insurance coverage until after you have been issued the new policy, examined it and have found it acceptable to you. If you should terminate or otherwise materially alter your existing coverage and fail to qualify for the life insurance for which you have applied, you may find yourself unable to purchase other life insurance or able to purchase it only at substantially higher rates.

I have received and read a copy of this Replacement Notice.

 Applicant's Signature

 Date

The following policy(ies) may be replaced as a result of this transaction:

Name of Insured

Company

Policy Number

_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

 Applicant's Signature

 Date

DEFINITIONS

Premiums: Premiums are the payments you make in exchange for an insurance contract. They are unlike deposits in a savings or investment program, because if you drop the policy, you might get back less than you paid in.

Cash Surrender Value: This is the amount of money you can get in cash if you surrender your life insurance policy. If there is a policy loan, the cash surrender value is the difference between the cash value printed in the policy and the loan value. Not all policies have cash surrender values.

Lapse: A life insurance policy may lapse when you don't pay the premiums within the grace period. If you had a cash surrender value, the insurer might change your policy to as much extended term insurance or paid-up insurance as the cash surrender value will buy. Sometimes the policy lets the insurer borrow from the cash surrender value to pay the premiums.

Surrender: You surrender a life insurance policy when you either let it lapse or tell the company you want to drop it. Whenever a policy has a cash surrender value, you can get it in cash if you return the policy to the company with a written request. Most insurers will also let you exchange the cash value of the policy for paid-up or extended term insurance.

Covert to Paid-Up Insurance: This means you use your cash surrender value to change your insurance to a paid-up policy with the same insurer. The death benefit generally will be lower than under the old policy, but you won't have to pay any more premiums.

Place on Extended Term: This means you use your cash surrender value to change your insurance to term insurance with the same insurer. In this case, the net death benefit will be the same as before. However, you will only be covered for a specified period of time stated in the policy.

Borrow Policy Loan Values: If your life insurance policy has a cash surrender value, you can almost always borrow all or part of it from the insurer. Interest will be charged according to the terms of the policy, and if the loan with unpaid interest ever exceeds the cash surrender value, your policy will be surrendered. If you die, the amount of the loan and any unpaid interest due will be subtracted from the death benefits.

Evidence of Insurability: This means proof that you are an acceptable risk. You have to meet the insurer's standards regarding age, health, occupation, etc., to be eligible for coverage.

Incontestable Clause: This says that after one or two years (depending on the policy or insurer) the life insurer will not resist a claim because you made a false or incomplete statement when you applied for the policy. For the early years, though, if there are wrong answers on the application and the insurer finds out about them, it can deny a claim as if the policy had never existed.

Suicide Clause: This says that if you commit suicide after being insured for less than one or two years (depending on the policy and insurer), your beneficiaries will receive only a refund of the premiums that were paid.



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To this end, we are required to give you a Policy Summary including complete information on the proposed policy no later than when the policy is delivered to you. In addition, we will, at your request, furnish you additional information concerning your existing policy. You may want to discuss your purchase with other advisors. The information you receive will be of value to you in reaching a final decision.

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You should also recognize that a policy which has been in existence for a period of time may have certain advantages to you over a new policy. If the policy coverages are basically similar, the premiums for a new policy may be higher because rates increase as your age increases. Under your existing policy, the period of time during which our company could contest the policy because of a material misstatement or omission on your application, or deny coverage for death cause by suicide, may have expired or may expire earlier than it will under the proposed policy. Your existing policy may have options which are not available under the policy being proposed to you or may not come into effect under the proposed policy until a later time during your life. Also, your proposed policy's cash values and dividends, if any, may grow slower initially because the company will incur the cost of issuing your new policy. On the other hand, the proposed policy may offer advantages which are more important to you.

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After we have issued your policy, you will have twenty days from the date the new policy is delivered to you to cancel the policy issued on your application and receive back all payments you made to us.

CAUTION

If, after studying the information made available to you, you do decide to replace the existing life insurance with our company with a new life insurance policy issued by our company you are urged not to take action to terminate or alter your existing life insurance coverage until after you have been issued the new policy, examined it and have found it acceptable to you. If you should terminate or otherwise materially alter your existing coverage and fail to qualify for the life insurance for which you have applied, you may find yourself unable to purchase other life insurance or able to purchase it only at substantially higher rates.

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